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**NEW DATA ON THE CHALCID WASPS OF THE FAMILY PTEROMALIDAE
HYMENOPTERA: CHALCIDOIDEA) FROM SOUTH KOREA**

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Summary. An annotated list of 22 species from 16 genera in the subfamilies Miscogasterinae, Pteromalinae and Trigonoderinae is given. Four genera (*Glyphognathus* Graham, 1956, *Norbanus* Walker, 1843, *Oxysychus* Delucchi, 1956 and *Roptrocerus* Ratzeburg, 1848) and 18 species of Pteromalidae are newly recorded from the fauna of South Korea. The males of *Janssoniella kawabatai* Tselikh, 2020 and *Miscogasteriella vladimiri* Tselikh, Lee et Ku, 2023 are described for the first time. Currently Pteromalidae of South Korea comprises 106 species belonging to 57 genera of four subfamilies.

Key words: Chalcidoidea, Pteromalidae, fauna, parasitoids, new records, annotated list, Eastern Palaearctic.

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Резюме. Приведен аннотированный список 22 видов из 16 родов подсемейств Miscogasterinae, Pteromalinae и Trigonoderinae. Для фауны Южной Кореи впервые указываются четыре рода (*Glyphognathus* Graham, 1956, *Norbanus* Walker, 1843, *Oxysychus* Delucchi, 1956 and *Roptrocerus* Ratzeburg, 1848) и 18 видов птеромалид. Для видов *Janssoniella kawabatai* Tselikh, 2020 и *Miscogasteriella vladimiri* Tselikh, Lee & Ku, 2023 впервые описаны самцы. В настоящее время Pteromalidae Южной Кореи насчитывают 106 видов из 57 родов четырех подсемейств.

INTRODUCTION

Pteromalidae is one of the largest families of parasitic Hymenoptera with worldwide distribution. It currently comprises eight subfamilies and 424 genera. The South Korean pteromalid wasp fauna has been studied only fragmentarily. So far, the list of Pteromalidae in the contemporary sense (Burks *et al.*, 2022) distributed in South Korea includes only 88 species in 53 genera from four subfamilies (Paik, 1978, 1994; Kamiyo & Grissell, 1982;

Kamijo, 1983; Chang & Youn, 1983, 1986; Ryoo *et al.*, 1990; Chun *et al.*, 1993; Rueda & Roh Ryu, 1997; Shin *et al.*, 2000; Cho *et al.*, 2014; Tselikh & Lee, 2015; Ko & Lee, 2016; Ko *et al.*, 2018; Tselikh *et al.*, 2016, 2017, 2022, 2023; Lee *et al.*, 2019; Tselikh, 2019; 2020a; 2020b, 2022; Lee, 2021).

During our study of new material many species were recorded for the first time for the fauna of South Korea. The annotated list below substantially fills a gap in the data on the taxonomic composition of the Pteromalidae of one of the most interesting areas of the Eastern Palaearctic.

MATERIAL AND METHODS

The material was obtained by Malaise trap, sweeping-net methods of collecting and rearing pteromalid wasps from hosts in the wood (xylobionts).

Abbreviations for collections are as follows. NIBR – National Institute of Biological Resources (Incheon, South Korea), SMNE – Science Museum of Natural Enemies (Geochang, South Korea), ZISP – Zoological Institute of the Russian Academy of Sciences (St. Petersburg, Russia). Abbreviations of Korean provinces used in this paper as follows: CB – Chungcheongbuk-do, GB – Gyeongsangbuk-do, GG – Gyeonggi-do, GN – Gyeongsangnam-do, GW – Gangwon-do, JJ – Jeju-do, JN – Jeollanam-do.

Morphological terminology, including sculpture and wing venation nomenclature, follows Bouček and Rasplus (1991) and Gibson (1997). The flagellum consists of two anelli, the funicle is composed of six funicular segments and the clava. The following abbreviations are used: POL – posterior ocellar line, the minimum distance between the posterior ocelli; OOL – ocello-ocular line, the minimum distance between a posterior ocellus and compound eye; *PST* – parastigma; *M* – marginal vein; *S* – stigmal vein; *PM* – postmarginal vein; F1–F6 – funicular segments. The scape is measured without the radicle; the pedicel is measured in lateral view. The distance between the clypeal lower margin and the toruli is measured from the lower margins of the toruli. Eye height is measured as maximum diameter, eye length as minimum diameter.

The study is based on examination of extensive material in the collection of NIBR, SMNE and ZISP. Specimens were examined using an Olympus SZX7-ILLTQ microscope.

Data on the biology are cited after (Noyes, 2019; Tselikh, 2019).

New records of the species from South Korea are asterisked (*).

LIST OF THE SPECIES

Subfamily Miscogasterinae Walker, 1833

**Glyphognathus sinuatus* Kamijo, 1960

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: CB, Yeongdeok-ri, Sancheok-myeon, Chungju-si, Malaise trap, 05.VII–19.VII 2017, 1 ♀, coll. H.G. Lee (SMNE); GN, Science Museum Natural Enemy, Geochang-gun, Malaise trap, 20.V–03.VI 2021, 1 ♀, coll. D.S. Ku, J.H. Lee, H.J. Jeong (NIBR); Waryong-ri, Sinwon-myeon, Geochang-gun, Malaise trap, 21.V–04.VI 2022, 1 ♀, coll. D.S. Ku, J.H. Lee, H.J. Jeong (SMNE).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia (Far East), Japan (Noyes, 2019; Tselikh, 2019), South Korea.

BIOLOGY. Unknown.

REMARKS. The genus *Glyphognathus* Graham, 1956 is newly recorded from South Korea.

***Halticoptera circulus* (Walker, 1833)**

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: JJ, Mt. 78-2, Bonggae-dong, Jeju-si, 5.VIII 2022, 2 ♂, coll. D.S. Ku (SMNE).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia (European part, Far East), Armenia, Azerbaijan, Turkey, Iraq, Jordan, Iran, Kazakhstan, China, South Korea, Japan, North America, Afrotropics, South America (Kamijo, 1983; Noyes, 2019; Tselikh, 2019).

BIOLOGY. Primary parasitoid of dipterans of the families Agromyzidae, Cecidomyiidae, Chloropidae and Opomyzidae.

****Halticoptera laevigata* Thomson, 1876**

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: GB, Buk-myeon, Inje-gun, Mt. Seoraksan, 26.VIII 2022, 1 ♀, coll. J.H. Lee (NIBR).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia (European part, Eastern Siberia), Turkey, Kyrgyzstan, Kazakhstan, China, (Noyes, 2019; Tselikh, 2019, 2020a), South Korea.

BIOLOGY. Primary parasitoid of dipterans of the family Tephritidae.

****Halticoptera patellana* (Dalman, 1818)**

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: GN, Sirubong Peak, Jinhae-gu, Changwon-si, sweeping, 19.IX 2022, 2 ♀, coll. J.H. Lee (NIBR, SMNE).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia (European part, Far East), Turkey, China, Japan, North America, South America (Noyes, 2019; Tselikh, 2019), South Korea.

BIOLOGY. Primary parasitoid of coleopterans of the subfamily Scolytinae, dipterans of the families Agromyzidae, Cecidomyiidae, Chloropidae, Drosophilidae, Tephritidae and lepidopterans of the family Lyonetiidae.

***Lamprotatus duplicatus* (Kamijo, 1960)**

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: JN, Daemun-ri, Gunoe-myeon, Wando-gun, Malaise trap, 31.V–18.VI 2017, 09.IX–12.X 2017, 2 ♀, coll. H.G. Lee (SMNE).

DISTRIBUTION. Russian Far East, South Korea, Japan (Tselikh *et al.*, 2016; Noyes, 2019; Tselikh, 2019).

BIOLOGY. Unknown.

****Lamprotatus cariniferum* Kamijo, 1960**

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: JN, Daemun-ri, Gunoe-myeon, Wando-gun, Malaise trap, 09.IX–12.X 2017, 1 ♀, coll. H.G. Lee (SMNE).

DISTRIBUTION. Russian Far East, North Korea, Japan (Kamijo, 1983; Noyes, 2019; Tselikh, 2019), South Korea.

BIOLOGY. Unknown.

****Seladerma breve* Walker, 1834**

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: GB, Juwangsang-myeon, Cheongsong-gun, 12.V 2022, 1 ♀, 1 ♂, coll. J.H. Lee (SMNE).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe (Noyes, 2019), South Korea.

BIOLOGY. Primary parasitoid of *Norellisoma spinimanum* (Fallén, 1819) (Diptera, Cordyluridae).

****Stictomischus japonicus* Kamijo, 1960**

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: GB, Seokpo-ri, Seokpo-myeon, Bongwaha-gun, Malaise trap, 31.IX 2016, 1 ♀, coll. J.H. Lee (NIBR).

DISTRIBUTION. Russian Far East, Japan (Noyes, 2019; Tselikh, 2019), South Korea.

BIOLOGY. Unknown.

Subfamily Pteromalinae Dalman, 1820

****Coelopisthia pseudaletia* Jiao et Xiao, 2014**

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: GG, Soheul-eup, Pocheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 15.III–14.IV 2017, 37°44'55.8"N, 127°08'51.2"E, 1 ♀, coll. Kim, Kim & Nam (NIBR).

DISTRIBUTION. China (Yunnan) (Jiao & Xiao, 2014), South Korea.

BIOLOGY. Primary parasitoid of *Mythimna separata* (Walker, 1865) (Lepidoptera, Noctuidae).

****Dibrachys confusus* (Girault, 1916)**

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: GW, Mandae-ri, Haeon-myeon, Yanggu-gun, 5.VII–11.VIII 2021, Malaise trap, 1 ♀, coll. Y.H. Park, M.H. Kim, D.H. Park & J.Y. Kim (NIBR); GB, Buk-myeon, Inje-gun, Mt. Seoraksan, 26.VIII 2022, 1 ♀, coll. J.H. Lee (ZISP).

DISTRIBUTION. China, North America, South America (Noyes, 2019, Xiao & Huang, 2019), South Korea.

BIOLOGY. Primary parasitoid of *Megachile rotundata* (Fabricius, 1787) and *Megachile* sp. (Hymenoptera, Megachilidae).

****Globimesosoma yaoarum* Xiao et Huang, 2001**

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: GG, Soheul-eup, Pocheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 15.IX–30.IX 2015, 37°45'29.2"N, 127°10'0.4"E, 1 ♀, coll. Park, Choi, Nam, Shin & Kim (NIBR).

DISTRIBUTION. China (Guangxi) (Xiao & Huang, 2001), South Korea.

BIOLOGY. Unknown.

***Mokrzeckia lazoensis* Tselikh, 2012**

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: GB, Seokpo-ri, Seokpo-myeon, Bongwaha-gun, Malaise trap, 31.IX 2016, 3 ♀, coll. H.G. Lee (SMNE); GN, Jeoncheok-ri, Namsang-myeon, Geochang-gun, 14.VI 2022, 1 ♀, coll. D.S. Ku, J.H. Lee & H.J. Jeong (SMNE).

DISTRIBUTION. Russian Far East, South Korea (Lee *et al.*, 2019; Tselikh 2019).

BIOLOGY. Unknown.

****Norbanus malabarensis* Sureshan, 2003**

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: GW, Mandae-ri, Haeon-myeon, Yuggu-gun, Gangwon-do, 15.V 2014, 30.VI 2014, 1 ♀, 1 ♂, coll. H.T. Shin (NIBR, SMNE).

DISTRIBUTION. India (Kerala) (Sureshan, 2003), South Korea.

BIOLOGY. Unknown.

REMARKS. The genus *Norbanus* Walker, 1843 is newly recorded from South Korea.

****Oxysychnus mori* Yang, 1996**

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: GN, Sirubong Peak, Jinhac-gu, Changwon-si, sweeping, 19.IX 2022, 1 ♀, coll. J.H. Lee (NIBR).

DISTRIBUTION. Russian Far East, China, South Korea (Noyes, 2019; Tselikh, 2019).

BIOLOGY. Primary parasitoid of coleopterans of the families Curculionidae.

REMARKS. The genus *Oxysychnus* Delucchi, 1956 is newly recorded from South Korea.

****Oxysychnus silvestrii* (Masi, 1922)**

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: GW, Nae-myeon, Hongcheon-gun, Mt. Odaesan, 27.VIII 2022, 1 ♀, coll. J.H. Lee (NIBR).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, China (Noyes, 2019; Xiao & Huang, 2019), South Korea.

BIOLOGY. Unknown.

****Oxysychnus scolyti* Yang, 1996**

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: GG, Mt. Yeogisan, Seodun, Suwon, 21–23.VIII 1999, 1 ♀, coll. J.Y. Choi (ZISP); GB, Hakpo-ri, Seo-myeon, Ulleung-gun, Malaise trap, 1.VII–15.VII 2017, 2 ♀, coll. D.S. Ku (NIBR).

DISTRIBUTION. Russian Far East, China (Noyes, 2019; Tselikh, 2019), South Korea.

BIOLOGY. Primary parasitoid of *Scolytus seulensis* Murayama, 1930 and *Cryphalus* sp. (Curculionidae: Scolytinae).

****Rhopalicus tutela* (Walker, 1836)**

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: GN, Sancheong-gun, 30 km NNW Jinju (Chinju) City, forest, H=800 m, 29.VI 2002, 2 ♀, coll. S.A. Belokobylskij (ZISP); Jeoncheok-ri, Namsang-myeon, Geochang-gun, 35°37'15.3"N, 127°57'51.4"E, 26.VI 2022, 5 ♀, 7 ♂, coll. E.V. Tselikh (NIBR, SMNE, ZISP).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia (European part, Ural, Eastern Siberia, Far East), Armenia, Turkey, Kyrgyzstan, Kazakhstan, Japan, North America, Australasia (Noyes, 2019; Tselikh, 2019), South Korea.

BIOLOGY. Primary parasitoid of coleopterans of the families Bostrychidae, Curculionidae and dipterans of the family Cecidomyiidae.

****Roptrocerus mirus* (Walker, 1834)**

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: GN, Jeoncheok-ri, Namsang-myeon, Geochang-gun, reared from Scolytinae, 22.VI 2023, 1 ♀, coll. E.V. Tselikh, S.A. Belokobylskij, J.H. Lee (NIBR).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia (European part, Ural, Eastern Siberia, Far East), China, Japan (Noyes, 2019; Tselikh, 2019, 2020a), South Korea.

BIOLOGY. Primary parasitoid of coleopterans of the family Curculionidae and lepidopterans of the families Lymantriidae, Notodontidae.

REMARKS. The genus *Roptrocerus* Ratzeburg, 1848 is newly recorded from South Korea.

****Spaniopus dissimilis* Walker, 1833**

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: GB, Juwangsang-myeon, Cheongsong-gun, Juwangsang, 21.IV 2023, 18.VI 2023, 5 ♀, coll. J.H. Lee (NIBR, SMNE); GN, Namsan-ri,

Hoengcheon-myeon, Hadong-gun, sweeping, 22.VI 2022, 3 ♀, coll. J.H. Lee (SMNE); Wolpyeong-ri, Hoengcheon-myeon, Hadong-gun, sweeping, 22.VI 2022, 3 ♀, coll. J.H. Lee (SMNE); Sirubong Peak, Jinhae-gu, Changwon-si, sweeping, 19–26.IX 2022, 8 ♀, coll. J.H. Lee (SMNE); Majin-ri, Daegok-myeon, Jinju-si, sweeping, 10.V 2023, 2 ♀, coll. J.H. Lee (SMNE); Bangchon-ri, Sabong-myeon, Jinju-si, sweeping, 31.V 2023, 1 ♀, coll. J.H. Lee (SMNE).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russian Far East, North America (Noyes, 2019; Tselikh, 2019), South Korea.

BIOLOGY. Primary parasitoid of dipterans of the families Cecidomyiidae, Chloropidae, hymenopterans of the family Cynipidae, lepidopterans of the families Coleophoridae, Elachistidae and Araneae of the family Liniphyidae. Secondary parasitoid of hymenopterans of the families Braconidae and Platygasteridae.

****Spaniopus nigriceps* Kamijo, 1981**

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: GN, Bongwha-ri, Samdong-myeon, Namhae-gun, 34°45'10.0"N, 128°01'20.8"E, 25.VI 2022, 11 ♀, 5 ♂, coll. E.V. Tselikh (NIBR, SMNE).

DISTRIBUTION. Russian Far East, Japan (Noyes, 2019; Tselikh, 2019), South Korea.

BIOLOGY. Unknown.

Subfamily Trigonoderinae Bouček, 1964

***Janssoniella kawabatai* Tselikh, 2020**

Figs 1–7

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: GB, Juwangsang-myeon, Cheongsong-gun, Mt. Juwangsang, 12.V 2022, 1 ♀, 1 ♂, coll. J.H. Lee (SMNE, ZISP).

DESCRIPTION. Male (hitherto unknown). Body length 2.30 mm; fore wing length 1.90 mm. Head and mesosoma dark metallic green with diffuse coppery lustre. Antenna with scape and pedicel brown. All coxae brown; femur, tibia and tarsus yellowish-brown. Fore wing hyaline, venation yellowish-brown. Metasoma yellowish-brown.

Sculpture of head weakly reticulate, clypeus smooth and shining. Mesosoma with pronotum and propodeum weakly reticulate; mesoscutum and frenum reticulate; axillae and scutellum finely reticulate. Petiole and metasoma alutaceous.

Head in dorsal view $2.06 \times$ as broad as long and $1.50 \times$ as broad as mesoscutum; in frontal view $1.32 \times$ broader than high. POL $1.36 \times$ OOL. Eye height $1.27 \times$ eye length and $2.75 \times$ as long as malar space. Distance between antennal toruli and lower margin of clypeus $0.77 \times$ distance between antennal toruli and median ocellus. Antenna with scape $0.60 \times$ as long as eye height and $0.77 \times$ as long as eye length; pedicel as long as broad and $0.30 \times$ as long as F1; combined length of pedicel and flagellum $2.12 \times$ breadth of head; flagellum almost filiform; all anelli transverse; F1 $3.35 \times$ as long as broad, with two of dense sensilla; F2–F6 longer than broad; clava $4.00 \times$ as long as broad.

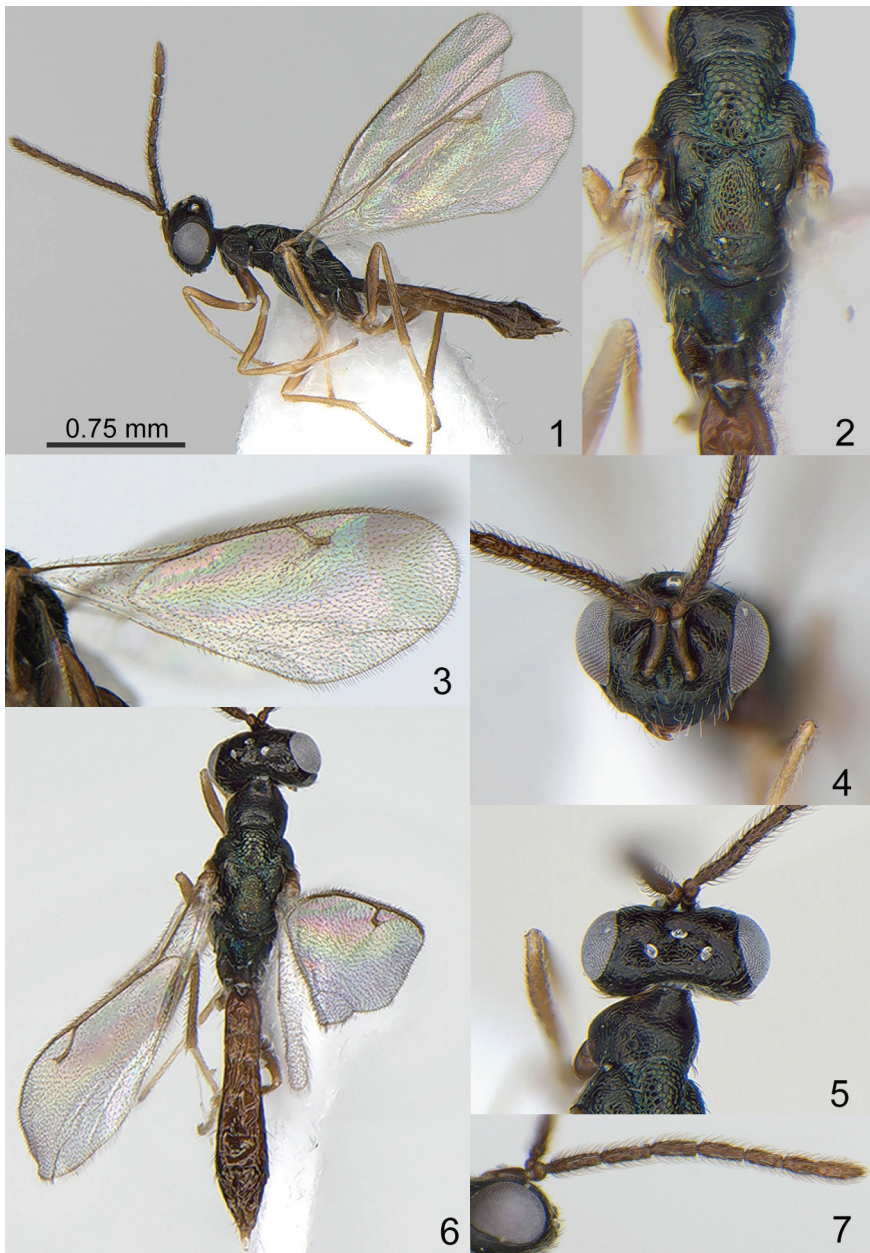
Mesosoma $2.40 \times$ as long as broad. Scutellum $1.28 \times$ as long as broad. Propodeum medially $0.63 \times$ as long as scutellum; median carina complete and straight; nucha absent.

Fore wing $2.80 \times$ as long as maximum width; basal cell pilose; speculum closed; costal cell with two complete rows of setae; PST $0.34 \times$ as long as M, M $0.83 \times$ as long as P and $2.52 \times$ as long as S.

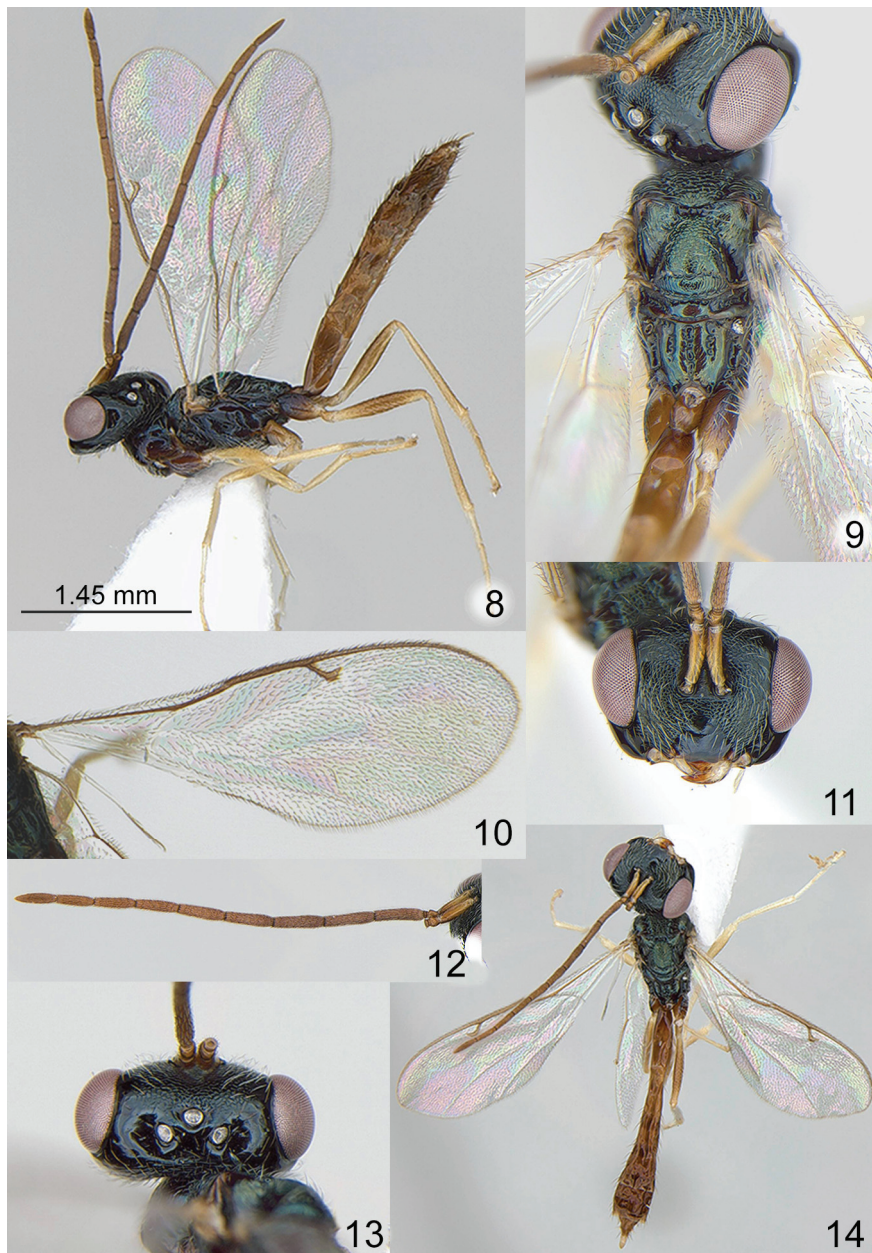
Metasoma lanceolate, $1.32 \times$ as long as mesosoma and $1.04 \times$ as long as mesosoma and head.

DISTRIBUTION. South Korea, Japan (Tselikh, 2020b).

BIOLOGY. Unknown.



Figs 1–7. *Janssoniella kawabatai* Tselikh, 2020, male: 1 – body, lateral view; 2 – mesosoma and petiole, dorsal view; 3 – wing; 4 – head, frontal view; 5 – head, dorsal view; 6 – body, dorsal view; 7 – antenna.



Figs 8–14. *Miscogasteriella vladimiri* Tselikh, Lee et Ku, 2023, male: 8 – body, lateral view; 9 – mesosoma and petiole, dorsal view; 10 – wing; 11– head, frontal view; 12 – antenna; 13 – head, dorsal view; 14 – body, dorsal view.

****Miscogasteriella vladimiri* Tselikh, Lee et Ku, 2023**

Figs 8–14

MATERIAL EXAMINED. South Korea: GN, Nogu-ri, Seo-myeon, Namhae-gun, 13.VIII 2022, 1 ♀, 1 ♂, coll. D.S. Ku, J.H. Lee, H.J. Jeong (NIBR, ZISP).

DESCRIPTION. Male (hitherto unknown). Body length 4.40 mm; fore wing length 3.10 mm. Head black; antenna with scape and pedicel yellowish-brown, flagellum cupreous. Mesosoma dark, in dorsal view with metallic green and diffuse coppery lustre, in lateral view with diffuse violet-coppery lustre. Fore coxa brown, mid yellowish-brown, hind coxa apically dark with diffuse violet-coppery lustre, basally yellowish-brown; fore and mid femur yellowish-brown, hind femur brown; all tibia and tarsus yellowish-brown. Fore wing hyaline, venation yellowish-brown. Metasoma cupreous.

Head in frontal view weakly reticulate, in dorsal view and clypeus smooth and shiny. Mesosoma reticulate, but axilla and frenum alutaceous, dorsellum shiny, propodeum weakly alutaceous. Metasoma weakly alutaceous and shiny.

Head in dorsal view $2.14 \times$ as broad as long and $1.73 \times$ as broad as mesoscutum; in frontal view $1.28 \times$ broader than high. POL $0.83 \times$ OOL. Eye height $1.31 \times$ eye length and $3.50 \times$ as long as malar space. Distance between antennal toruli and lower margin of clypeus $0.88 \times$ distance between antennal toruli and median ocellus. Antenna with scape $0.57 \times$ as long as eye height and $0.75 \times$ as long as eye length; pedicel as long as broad and $0.20 \times$ as long as F1; combined length of pedicel and flagellum $3.13 \times$ breadth of head; flagellum almost filiform; all anelli transverse; F1 $4.66 \times$ as long as broad, with seven of dense sensilla; F2–F6 longer than broad; clava with three separate segments.

Mesosoma $2.30 \times$ as long as broad. Scutellum as long as broad. Propodeum without nucha and costula, $0.94 \times$ as long as scutellum; medial longitudinal depression shallow, lateral depressions $0.45 \times$ as long as propodeum.

Fore wing $2.85 \times$ as long as maximum width; basal cell, cubital vein, basal vein pilose; speculum absent; PST $0.75 \times$ as long as M, M $0.53 \times$ as long as P and $2.67 \times$ as long as S.

Metasoma lanceolate, $1.80 \times$ as long as mesosoma and $1.33 \times$ as long as mesosoma and head.

DISTRIBUTION. Japan (Shikoku) (Tselikh *et al.*, 2023), South Korea.

BIOLOGY. Unknown.

DISCUSSION

This study significantly increases our knowledge of the fauna and distribution of Pteromalidae parasitoids in the territory of South Korea. Four genera: *Glyphognathus* Graham, 1956, *Norbanus* Walker, 1843, *Oxysychnus* Delucchi, 1956 and *Roptrocerus* Ratzeburg, 1848 and 18 species: *Halticoptera laevigata* Thomson, *H. patellana* (Dalman), *Glyphognathus sinuatus* Kamijo, *Lamprotatus cariniferum* Kamijo, *Seladerma breve* Walker, *Stictomischus japonicus* Kamijo (Miscogasterinae), *Coelopisthia pseudaletia* Jiao et Xiao, *Dibrachys confusus* (Girault), *Globimesosoma yaoarum* Xiao et Hui, *Norbanus malabarensis* Sureshan, *Oxysychnus mori* Yang, *O. scolyti* Yang, *O. silvestrii* (Masi), *Rhopalicus tutela* (Walker), *Roptrocerus mirus* (Walker), *Spaniopis dissimilis* Walker, *S. nigriceps* Kamijo (Pteromalinae), *Miscogasteriella vladimiri* Tselikh, Lee et Ku (Trigonoderinae) are newly recorded from South Korea. Thus, according to our study and published data up to date, the fauna of the family Pteromalidae, in currently sense (Burks *et al.*, 2022), of South Korea comprises 106 species in 57 genera of four subfamilies.

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